Trauma Inquiry and Response in Family Planning

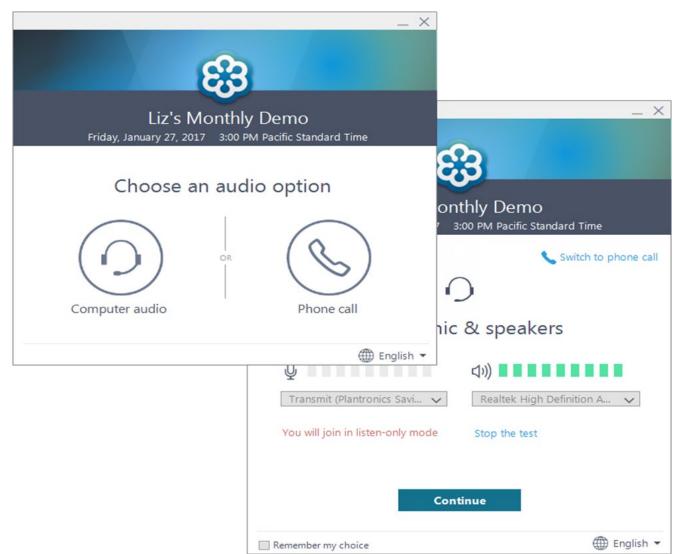
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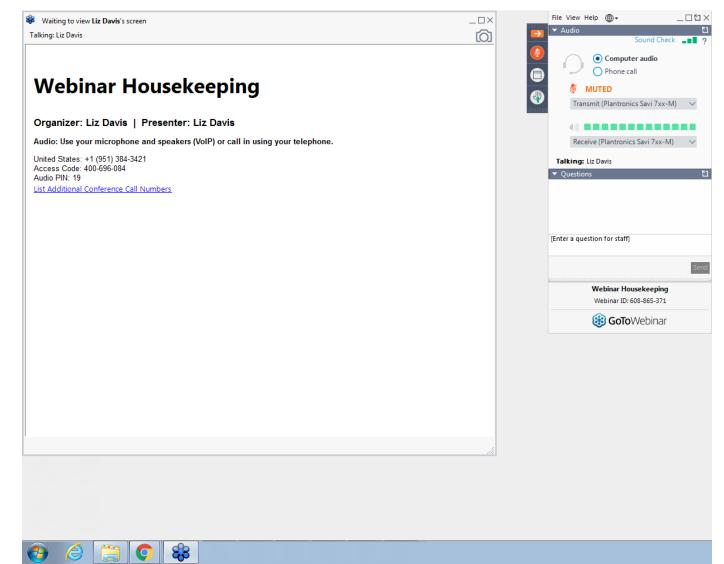




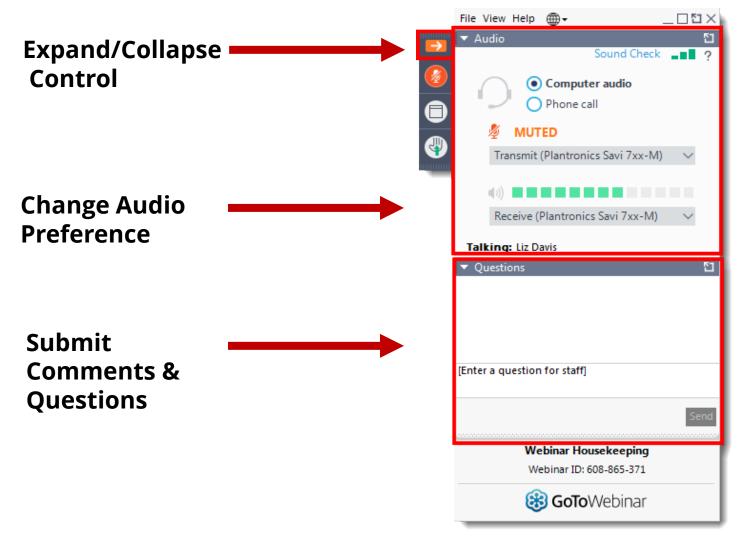
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December 7th, 2023









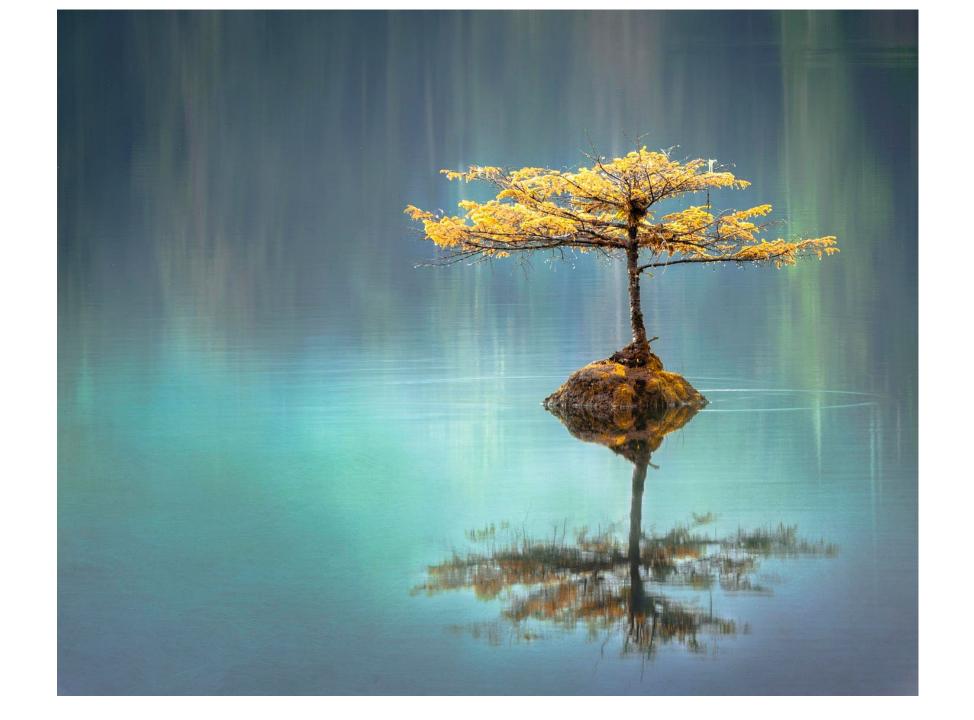


Webinar Outline

- » Background on trauma and resilience and relevance to family planning
- Trauma and Resilience-informed Inquiry for Adversity, Distress, and Strengths (TRIADS) framework
- Case application of TRIADS to family planning
- » Healthcare staff resilience



Lieberman AF, et al. (2020, November 1), TRIADS: Trauma and Resiliency-informed Inquiry for Adversity, Distress and Strengths. UCSF Center to Advance Trauma Informed Health
Care, https://cthc.ucsf.edu/triads/



Our Patient Populations

» We recognize that family planning clinics serve diverse populations including gender-diverse individuals.



 $\underline{https://www.inc.com/heidi-zak/how-to-make-womens-equality-day-a-catalyst-for-improving-company-wide-diversity.html}$

What is Trauma?

Trauma results from an event, series of events, or set of circumstances that is experienced by an individual as physically or emotionally harmful with lasting adverse effects on the individual's functioning and mental, physical, social, emotional, or spiritual well-being.



https://health.clevelandclinic.org/how-to-heal-from-trauma/

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. SAMHSA's Concept of Trauma and Guidance for a Trauma-Informed Approach. HHS Publication No. (SMA) 14-4884. Rockville, MD: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, 2014.

What is Resilience?



https://www.self.com/story/what-is-resilience

The process and outcome of successfully adapting to difficult or challenging life experiences, especially through mental, emotional, and behavioral flexibility and adjustment to external and internal demands.

https://www.apa.org/topics/resilience

Examples of Adversity and Trauma

Sexual Violence

Human Trafficking

Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)

Military Sexual Trauma

Racism

Intimate Partner Violence (IPV)

Displacement Trauma

Healthcare Induced Trauma

Adversity and Trauma Statistics

65%

of U.S. adults report at least one adverse childhood experience (ACE)

39%

of female Veterans experience military sexual trauma (MST)

70,000 +

refugees are resettled in the U.S. annually

15,000 -50,000 individuals are forced into sexual trafficking per year in the U.S.

Swedo EA, Aslam MV, Dahlberg LL, et al. Prevalence of Adverse Childhood Experiences Among U.S. Adults — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011–2020. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2023;72:707–715. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.mm7226a2.

Wilson LC. The Prevalence of Military Sexual Trauma: A Meta-Analysis. Trauma Violence Abuse. 2018 Dec;19(5):584-597. doi: 10.1177/1524838016683459. Epub 2016 Dec 16. PMID: 30415636.

U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Office of Immigration Statistics. 2022. Yearbook of Immigration Statistics 2021. Washington, DC: DHS, Office of Immigration Statistics.

Human Trafficking Data Collection Activities, 2022. https://bjs.oip.gov/library/publications/human-trafficking-data-collection-activities-2022

IPV and Sexual Violence Statistics

1 in 2 transgender individuals experience IPV in their lifetime

1 in 3 women experience IPV in their lifetime

1 in 2 transgender individuals experience sexual violence in their lifetime

women experience sexual violence in their lifetime

James, S. E., Herman, J. L., Rankin, S., Keisling, M., Mottet, L., & Anafi, M. (2016). The Report of the 2015 U.S. Transgender Survey. Washington, DC: National Center for Transgender Equality.

National Coalition Against Domestic Violence (2020). Domestic violence. Retrieved from https://assets.speakcdn.com/assets/2497/domestic_violence-2020080709350855.pdf?1596811079991.

IPV and Family Planning

- » More common among those with sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and seeking abortion
 - Highest prevalence among those seeking repeat abortion
 - Few family planning clinics routinely ask about sexual assault
- » A leading cause of maternal mortality!
 - Violence increases during pregnancy
- Several counties in California have low maternal mental health resources



https://www.alexandrahouse.org/domestic-violence-awareness-month/

ACEs and Family Planning

Divorce, abandonment, or death of parent

Experienced insults, physical harm, or neglect

Experienced unwanted sexual contact

Caretakers hit, beat, or threatened to harm one another

Caretaker was depressed, mentally ill, or attempted suicide

Caretaker went to jail or prison

- » Adverse events that occur in childhood
- » ACEs affect health in a dose-response fashion
 - STIs, Contraception choices
- "Care no matter what" or non-abandonment
 - Offer emergency contraception
 - Abortion is common, safe, and covered by Medi-Cal
 - Telehealth works



Screening

» Screening is:

- Universal for all patients
- Acceptable by patients
- Effective in promoting healthy behaviors

» Considerations

- Types of adversity and trauma to screen for (childhood vs. adult, current/recent vs. lifetime)
- Recall can be biased (ACE scores may change over time)
- Must be equipped with resources for positive screens
- Clinician discomfort with screening afraid of opening "pandora's box"



https://www.opendemocracy.net/en/pandora-s-box-real-impact-of-drug-policies/

Adversity Screening Tools

- » IPV/SA: HITS, HARK, PVS, WAST, OVAT, STaT
- » ACEs: PEARLS (pediatrics), ACE Questionnaire (adults)
- » Victimization Assessment Tool
- » Universal Violence Prevention Screening Tool
- » Life Events Check List-5

Adverse Childhood Experience Questionnaire for Adults

California Surgeon General's Clinical Advisory Committee



Our relationships and experiences—even those in childhood—can affect our health and well-being. Difficult childhood experiences are very common. Please tell us whether you have had any of the experiences listed below, as they may be affecting your health today or may affect your health in the future. This information will help you and your provider better understand how to work together to support your health and well-being.

Instructions: Below is a list of 10 categories of Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs). From the list below, please place a checkmark next to each ACE category that you experienced prior to your 18 th birthday. Then, please add up the number of categories of ACEs you experienced and put the <i>total number</i> at the bottom.					
Did you feel that you didn't have enough to eat, had to wear dirty clothes, or had no one to protect or take care of you?					
2. Did you lose a parent through divorce, abandonment, death, or other reason?					
3. Did you live with anyone who was depressed, mentally ill, or attempted suicide?					
Did you live with anyone who had a problem with drinking or using drugs, including prescription drugs?					
5. Did your parents or adults in your home ever hit, punch, beat, or threaten to harm each other?					
6. Did you live with anyone who went to jail or prison?					
7. Did a parent or adult in your home ever swear at you, insult you, or put you down?					
8. Did a parent or adult in your home ever hit, beat, kick, or physically hurt you in any way?					
9. Did you feel that no one in your family loved you or thought you were special?					
10. Did you experience unwanted sexual contact (such as fondling or oral/anal/vaginal intercourse/penetration)?					
Your ACE score is the total number of checked responses					
Oo you believe that these experiences have affected your health?	A Lot				

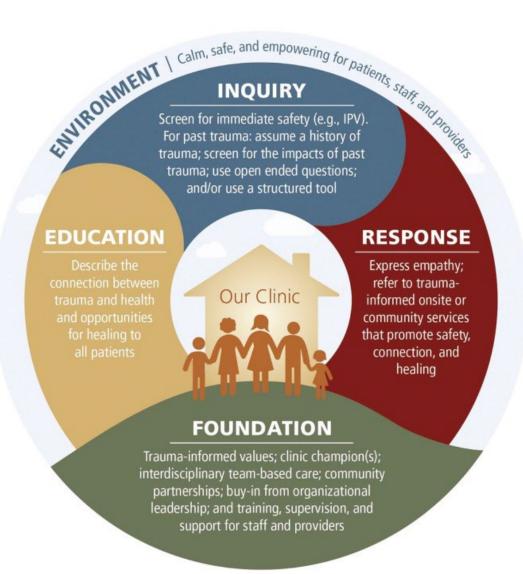
Resilience Screening Tools

Th	e Brief Resilience Scale (BRS)	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree
BRS 1	I tend to bounce back quickly after hard times:					
		1	2	3	4	5
BRS 2	I have a hard time making it through stressful events:					
		5	4	3	2	1
BRS 3	It does not take me long to recover from a stressful event:					
		1	2	3	4	5
BRS 4	It is hard for me to snap back when something bad happens:					
		5	4	3	2	1
BRS 5	I usually come through difficult times with little trouble:					
		1	2	3	4	5
BRS 6	I tend to take a long time to get over setbacks in my life:					
		5	4	3	2	1

- » Resilience Scale Assessment (RSA)
- The Brief Resilience Scale
- The Connor–Davidson Resilience Scale (CD-RISC)
- » Brief COPE Instrument

Trauma and Resilience Inquiry

- » Open-ended dialogue
- » Relationship with health
- » Safe environment (disclosure is not the goal)
- » Focus on resilience and strengths
- » Avoid re-traumatization
- » Universal precautions



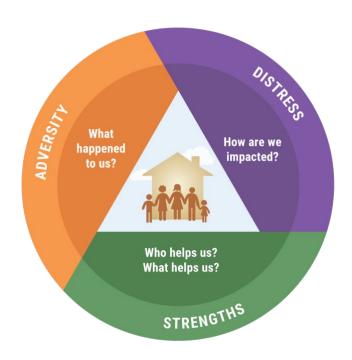
Machtinger, E.L., Davis, K.B., Kimberg, L.S., Khanna, N., Cuca, Y.P., Dawson-Rose, C., Shumway, M., Campbell, J., Lewis-O'Connor, A., Blake, M., Blanch, A., and McCaw, B. (2019). From treatment to healing: inquiry and response to recent and past trauma in adult health care. Women's Health Issues, 29(2), 97-101.



Trauma and Resilience-informed Inquiry for Adversity, Distress, and Strengths

Inquiring about Adversity:

Asking with empathic interest about the patient's experiences of adversity and trauma.



Assessing Distress:

Linking a patient's adverse life experiences to physical and emotional health conditions, including behaviors and habits that may be harmful to health, in a supportive, nonjudgemental manner.

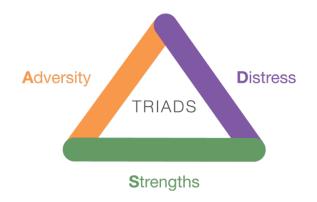
Identifying Strengths:

Guiding the patient to identify personal characteristics, relationships, or community resources that provide support and enhance wellbeing.



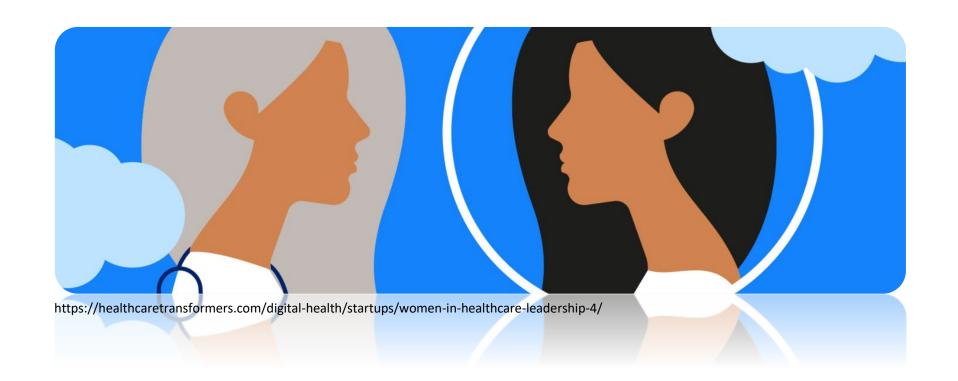


"You don't have to be a therapist to be therapeutic"



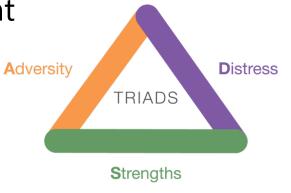
Family Planning Case: TRIADS in Action

Maya presents to a family planning clinic for emergency contraception.



Maya calls the clinic and arrives for her appointment

- Clinic staff who respond to patient calls should know available family planning services
- >> Trauma-informed front desk practices:
 - Answer phone with pronouns, name badge with pronouns
 - Protect privacy when checking in patients
 - Signs in the waiting room that promote empowerment
 - Flexible clinic times, schedules, and late policies



Maya is roomed by the MA

- Screen in private and use trained interpreter if needed or don't screen
- Screening can be done verbally, on paper, or electronically (e.g., iPad)
- Normalize and combine with existing screening workflows (e.g., substance use, depression)
 - "Unfortunately violence is common for many people. We ask everyone these questions because violence can affect health."
- If positive screen:
 - Provide an empathetic response like, "I'm so sorry that happened to you. Would it be okay if the clinician talks with you about this?"
 - Minimize time patient is waiting in the room alone

Maya asks for emergency contraception

- The impact of trauma is relational; practice the 3Cs Connection, Coherence, & Collaboration
- » Inquire about adversity and trauma relevant to current health needs
 - "I am happy to help you with this; do you mind if I ask you a few questions to better understand your health needs?"
 - "Can you tell me more about what happened last night when you had unprotected sex?"
 - "Violence is an unfortunately common experience for people. Was this a part of your experience as well?"
 - "Was the sex you had consensual, something you wanted to do?"
- » Consider sexual assault, sex trafficking, marital rape, IPV, ACEs...

Maya's partner refused to use a condom

- » Trauma such as reproductive coercion impacts reproductive health including STIs, PMDD, PTSD, infertility, contraception, pregnancy, endometriosis, and menopause
- When clinicians counsel patients on the impacts of trauma on health, this promotes patient-clinician trust and shifts the discussion away from pressured disclosure towards skillsbuilding.
- » Clinicians with greater knowledge of trauma are more likely to inquire about it and have **better rapport** with their patients.

Maya experienced reproductive coercion

- » Connect trauma with health as a part of patient counseling around negative coping behaviors, such as substance use or high risk sexual behaviors
 - "I'm so sorry this happened to you. Experiences like this can cause a variety of health issues, would you be okay if I asked you more questions about your health?"
 - Ask about health behaviors or symptoms that you are comfortable treating (e.g., sexually transmitted infections)
- » Ask about healthcare triggers related to the visit, such as pelvic exam:
 - "Before we proceed, is there anything else you think I should know?
 - "Have certain parts of physical exams been difficult for you in the past?"
 - Offer self-swab options for testing, patient self-placement of speculum, vaginal probe, etc.

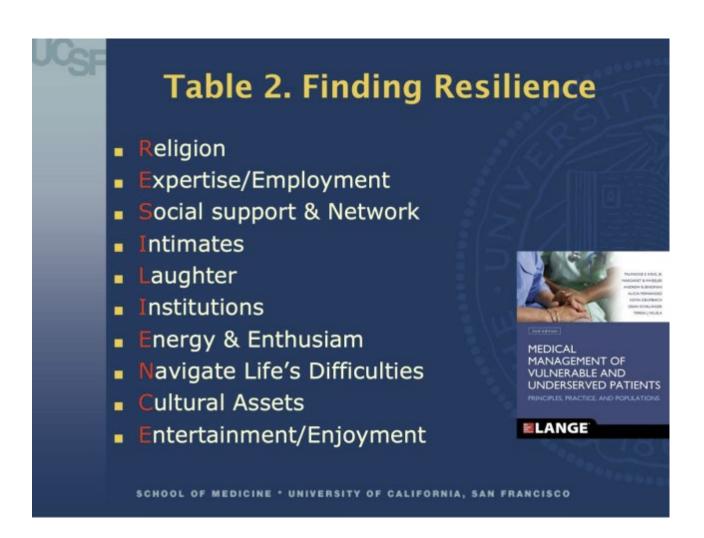
Trauma-informed pelvic exam

- Establish rapport before the exam. May need separate visit.
- Invite the patient to suggest measures that will make them more comfortable.
- » Allow a support person if desired.
- Allow the patient to choose a female examiner if preferred.
- » Before starting, inform the patient that they can pause/stop the exam it is too uncomfortable and that they have control over the pace.
- Tell the patient about each step of the exam right before it happens.

- Keep the patient's body covered, exposing only the areas being examined.
- Encourage the patient to **breathe** abdominally in order to relax pelvic floor muscles.
- Rest the unopened speculum against the patient's vagina to allow them to get used to the sensation before the speculum is inserted and opened.
- When the smallest possible speculum and use lubricant.
- » Offer frog-leg positioning without stirrups. Call stirrups "foot rests."

Maya is resilient

- »Support patients'natural positivecoping mechanisms
 - "What are ways or things we can do to make you feel safe?"
 - "Can you tell me about your support system?"



Maya leaves the clinic feeling empowered

- » Universal precautions provide resources for everyone
- » National DV Hotline, Sexual Assault Hotline, Community organizations
- » Safety planning
- » Refer to mental health services
- » Asking patients what are they comfortable being documented in their chart



FUTURES WITHOUT VIOLENCE

Are you in a HEALTHY relationship?

Everyone deserves to have partners listen to what they want and need. Ask yourself:

- ✓ Is my partner or the person I am dating kind to me and respectful of my choices?
- ✓ Does my partner support my using birth control that's best for me?
- ✓ Does my partner support my decisions about if or when I want to have children?

If you answered YES to these questions, it is likely that you are in a healthy relationship. Studies show that this kind of relationship leads to better health, a longer life, and helps your children.

Who controls pregnancy decisions?

Ask yourself. Has my partner ever:

- ✓ Tried to pressure me to get pregnant?
- ✓ Hurt or threatened me because I didn't agree to get pregnant?

If I've ever been pregnant:

✓ Has my partner threatened to hurt me if I didn't do what they wanted with the pregnancy (in either direction – continuing with the pregnancy or abortion)?

If you answered YES to any of these questions, you are not alone and you deserve to make your own decisions without being afraid.





Taking Control

A partner may see pregnancy as a way to keep you in their life and stay connected to you through a child – even if that is not what you want. Your health care provider can offer birth control that your partner won't know about.

- ✓ The copper IUD is a small, safe, hormone-free device placed into the uterus to prevent pregnancy for up to 12 years. The IUD has strings that can be cut off so your partner can't feel them and you will still get a regular period.
- ✓ Emergency contraception (EC some call it the morning after pill) is taken up to five days after unprotected sex to prevent pregnancy. The sooner you take it, the better it works. Hide EC by taking it out of its packaging and putting it in an envelope or empty pill bottle so your partner won't know what it's for. To find a provider near you: www.bedsider.org

Getting Help

- ✓ If your partner or the person you are seeing checks your cell phone or texts, talk to your health care provider about using their phone to call the hotlines on this card – so your partner can't see it on your call log.
- ✓ The folks on the hotline can help you with a plan to be safer. Find out more using the resources on the back of this card.

If you have an STD and are afraid your partner will hurt you if you tell them:

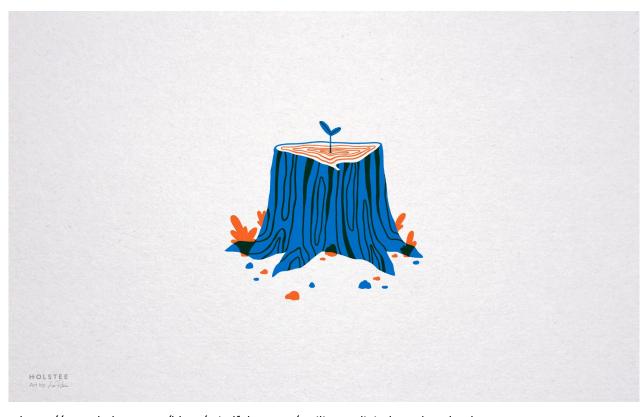
- ✓ Request partner notification from the public health department anonymously, without using your name.
- ✓ Use online partner notification services without using your name at www.tellyourpartner.org

Responding to A Pregnant Patient

Scenario 4

Healthcare Staff Resilience

- » Primary trauma
- » Secondary/vicarious trauma
- » Trauma inquiry and screening may be retraumatizing or triggering for healthcare staff



https://www.holstee.com/blogs/mindful-matter/resilience-digital-art-download

Caring for Yourself is Caring for Your Patient

- In-the-moment practices to ground oneself everyone's different!
- » Compassionate detachment is the ability to maintain empathy and compassion towards others while establishing emotional boundaries to protect one's own mental and emotional well-being.
- » Group debrief always ask permission



Take Home Points

- » Trauma and resilience inquiry and response matters
- » TRIADS is applicable in family planning settings
- >> Website: https://cthc.ucsf.edu/triads/

Get started with these trainings:

The scenarios below illustrate ACEs screening using the TRIADS framework in clinical encounters between health care team members and patients and families. Each scenario includes:

- Watch and Learn: an opportunity to watch and learn how to integrate the TRIADS framework in a clinical encounter via brief videos and example responses to questions about ACEs screening
- Reflect: a guided self-reflection and a videotaped reflective conversation between health care team members featured in the scenarios with Dr. Alicia Lieberman
- Now You Try It: a guided opportunity to practice applying the TRIADS framework, either individually or in a group

Scenario 1

A Mom Feels Protective

Jocelyn is concerned about the questions regarding her 15month old.



Scenario 2

A Teenager Is Reluctant to Fill Out an ACEs Screening

Alex is unsettled by the questionnaire, and returns it to the Medical Assistant with a zero score.



Brief Survey: Feedback & Further Training



https://ucsf.co1.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV 238Z2a1rOfdXc8u

Thank you! Questions?

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